

NetBSD trial-pack for KURO-BOX/LinkStation/TeraStation

(The status is "experimental". If you feel something wrong, please notify me. Thank you.)

Feature

- It based on NetBSD 3.0.1.
- It uses MDROOT (aka RAMDISK root filesystem).
 - You will not need to modify the partitions of your box.
 - Also you will not need to purchase an USB-memory.
- The Serial-Console is not necessary.
 - It will get the IP-Address from DHCP.
 - Also it can use the IP-Address 192.168.200.200/24, or 192.168.200.210/24 statically.
 - *.200 is for LS1/KURO. *.210 is for LS-HG/KUROHG/TeraStation.
 - It can login with serial-console or telnet. The user is "root" and no password.
 - The ftpd is working.
 - It only can use with password, so you must set the password with "passwd" command.
 - There is many commands available. (See below)
 - "tssh", "wget" is also available.
 - It can use installation of NetBSD onto your box.
 - It also can repair your NetBSD'ed box.

Download

- The boot loader: nbloader version 3
 - It can get from <http://kurobsd.ki.nu/download/testing/powerpc/loader/>
- The "trial-pack" kernel image: (Sept-29 2006)
 - [Primary](#), [Mirror](#)

Boot

- On Linux, "insmod nbloader_v3.o kernel=netbsd.bin"
 - It is recommended that use of my boot selector. It can boot more safely than above.

Login

- After booting up, you may access the box with serial-console or telnet.
 - The IP-Address is take from DHCP server of your network.
 - If you have not DHCP server, you must set your PC's address as (for example) 192.168.200.100/255.255.255.0, and telnet at 192.168.200.200 or 192.168.200.210.

How to shutdown/reboot

- It may power-off with "shutdown -h now".
- It also may reboot with "shutdown -r now".
- Of course, it can use the "power button".

How to use ftpd.

- Instantly, add password to "root" (take "passwd root").
- Then you may login ftp with "root".

How to install NetBSD/sandpoint 3.1 onto your box with the "trial-pack"

(*CAUTION*) Backup your hard drive's entity before take these steps.

- Boot with "trial-pack" kernel.
- Create the NetBSD slice with "fdisk" command.
- Create the NetBSD partitions with "disklabel" command.
- Format partitions with "newfs" command.
- Mount the partitions at "/mnt" with "mount" command.
 - It must keep the tree-structure. For example, "/mnt", "/mnt/var", "/mnt/usr", ...
- Extract NetBSD/sandpoint 3.1 tarballs at "/mnt". At least, "base.tgz" and "etc.tgz" are needed.
 - To keep permissions/owners, it is needed that "tar" with "p" option ("tar zxvpf base.tgz").
- Extract [kuro_annex31.20061029.tar.bz2](#) at /mnt.
 - It must also use "p" option to tar command.
- "cd /mnt/etc" and "sh MAKEDEV all".
- Edit /mnt/etc/fstab to fit your partitions.
- Edit /mnt/etc/rc.conf to fit your environments.

- On Linux, take *normal* kernel from [here](#) and extract it.
- It may boot with "insmod nbloader_v3.o kernel=netbsd.GENERIC3_1.20061029.bin cmdline=bootdev=wd0a".

- If something wrong, take "trial-pack" kernel and solve the problem. Good luck!

Entity commands

```
# ls bin/
[      csh      ed      mkdir   rcmd    stty
cat    date      expr    mt      rcp     sync
chio   dd        hostname mv      rm      syst race
chmod  df        kill    pax     rmdir   tar
cp     domainname ln      ps      sh      tcsh
cpio   echo     ls      pwd     sleep   test

# ls/sbin/
atactl      fsck_ffs    mount_fdesc  newfs        routed
badsect     fsck_lfs    mount_ffs     newfs_lfs    rrestore
brconfig    fsck_msdos  mount_filecore newfs_msdos  rtsol
ccdconfig   fsdb        mount_kernfs  nologin      savecore
cgdconfig   fsirand     mount_lfs     pfctl        scsictl
clri        halt        mount_mfs     pflogd       setkey
dhclient    ifconfig    mount_msdos   ping          shutdown
dhclient-script init        mount_nfs     ping6         slattach
disklabel  ipf         mount_ntfs    poweroff      swapctl
dkctl      ippctl     mount_null    pppoectl     swapon
dmesg      lmcctl     mount_overlay raidctl       sysctl
drvctl     mbrlabel   mount_portal  rcorder      tbrconfig
dump       mknod      mount_procfs  rdump        ttyflags
dump_lfs   modload    mount_ptyfs   rdump_lfs    tunefs
fastboot   modunload  mount_smbfs   reboot        umount
fasthalt   mount      mount_ufs     resize_lfs    veriexecctl
fdisk      mount_ados mount_umap     restore       vinum
fsck       mount_cd9660 mount_union    rndctl       wdogctl
fsck_ext2fs mount_ext2fs newbtconf     route        wsconsctl

# ls usr/bin/
awk      chgrp   file    gunzip  kdump  less   passwd  vi
bunzip2 cmp     find    gzcat   ktrace login  sed     wall
bzcat   du      ftp     gzip    ktruss more   tr      wget
bzip2  env     grep    install ldd     page   tset    zcat

# ls usr/sbin/
chgrp      group      groupinfo  installboot  useradd      usermod
chroot     groupadd   groupmod   pwd_mkdb     userdel      vipw
dev_mkdb   groupdel   inetd     user         user info    vnconfig
```

Free size of the RAM disk

```
# df -ki /
Filesystem 1K-blocks    Used    Avail Capacity  iused  ifree  %iused  Mounted on
/dev/md0a   13999    13637     362    97%    2053   377    84%     /
```

Special thanks

- Mr. Nijino-san
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